

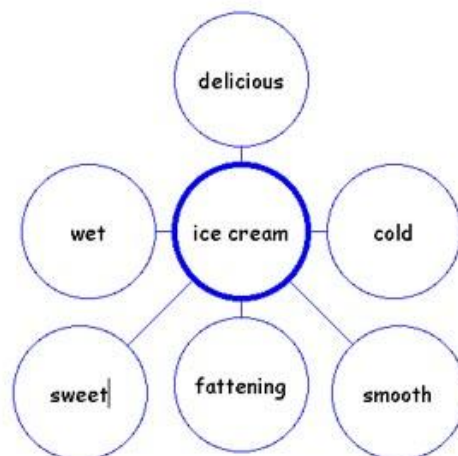
## Beginner Adjectives

**Adjectives** are generally invariable in English and do not agree with nouns in number and gender.

*a blue car*

*the great outdoors*

*a group of young women*



However, a few adjectives have a connotation which is slightly masculine or feminine. Thus, one says that a woman is beautiful while a man would be

Copyright © 2018 Surely work.co

完全版テキストはレッスン前に担当講師から受け取って下さい

講師のスカイプチャットにテキスト名を送って下さい

Your teacher can send you the complete material.

Please ask them to send the complete version of this material before the lesson.

The adjective will be placed, with very few exceptions, in front of the noun it modifies. When two adjectives precede a noun, they can be connected by a comma (,) or by the conjunction "and." In a series of three or more adjectives, one usually uses "and" before the last adjective in the list.

Examples: *I like short novels.*

*That fellow will be a competent worker.*

*She writes long and flowery letters.*

*He works long, hard hours.*

*She had a mean, old and overbearing step-mother.*

An adjective may follow the noun when it is in a predicate (after the verb) or in a relative clause. (In relative clauses the relative pronoun may be implicit.)

Examples: *He was a man (who was) always happy to help others.*

*She is a woman (who is) true to herself.*

*They were entirely satisfied.*