

English Booster for Beginners

LESSON 27

未来の表現 1

The Future " Will and Shall "

Remember:

The simple future

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will is often shortened to 'll.



I'll, you'll, he'll, she'll, we'll, they'll and even (although it's not

good English) you might hear it'll

The negative of 'will' is 'will not' - often shortened to won't

I, you, he, she, it, we, they

will not / won't



For example

+

-

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or decided to do.

"Will" is usually used in these situations: -

Volunteering to do something:	(The phone is ringing). I'll answer it.
Promising to do something:	(A friend is leaving) I'll visit you in the summer.
Deciding to do something :	(Your car won't start) I'll buy a new car.
Ordering someone to do something:	(Your child won't do their homework) You'll do your homework now!
Predicting something will happen	(Winter is coming) I think it will be a cold winter.

Sometimes you can use 'will' as a threat.



Don't move or I'll shoot!

!Note! 'Will' is often used with think - "I think I will ..."

	Positive (+)	Negative (-)
Statement	I'll do my homework now.	I won't do my homework later.
Statement		

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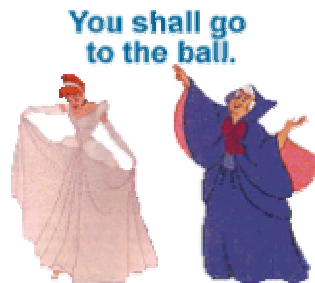
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(open)	summer holidays?	
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Shall



'Shall' does not change its form.

I, you, he, she, it, we, they	shall.
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We shall win the competition.	=	We will win the competition.
They shall not pass!	=	They shan't pass!

'Shall' is also often used in the first person (I/we) in questions when asking for permission, making suggestions, making an offer or asking for advice.

Shall I do that?

Shall we go home?