

# Ankylosis of the Temporomandibular Joint (TMJ)



Copyright © 2018 Surely work.co

完全版テキストはレッスン前に担当講師から受け取って下さい

講師のスカイプチャットにテキスト名を送って下さい

Your teacher can send you the complete material.

Please ask them to send the complete version of this material before the lesson.

be **congenital** or a result of RA. Chronic, painless limitation of motion occurs. When ankylosis leads to arrest of condylar growth, facial asymmetry is common. **Intra-articular** (true) ankylosis must be distinguished from **extra-articular** (false) ankylosis, which may be caused by enlargement of the **coronoid process**, depressed fracture of the **zygomatic arch**, or scarring resulting from surgery, irradiation, or infection. In most cases of true ankylosis, x-rays of the joint show loss of normal bony architecture.

Treatment may include a **condylectomy** if the ankylosis is intra-articular or an **ostectomy** of part of the ramus if the coronoid process and **zygomatic arch** are also affected. Jaw-opening exercises must be done for months to years to maintain the surgical correction, but forced opening of the jaws without surgery is generally ineffective because of bony fusion.